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## Structure Reports

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## 2,2'-(p-Phenylenedimethylene)bis (propane-1,3-diol)

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Received 11 October 2008; accepted 9 December 2008
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=291 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.038 ; w R$ factor $=0.115 ;$ data-to-parameter ratio $=18.6$.

The molecule of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{4}$, is centrosymmetric. In the crystal, the molecules are linked through $\mathrm{O}-$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

For a related structure, see: Xi et al. (2008).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{4}$

$$
M_{r}=254.32
$$

Orthorhombic, Pbca

$$
a=9.939(6) \AA
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& b=8.803(5) \AA \\
& c=15.366(9) \AA \\
& V=1344.5(14) \AA^{3} \\
& Z=4
\end{aligned}
$$

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
Data collection
Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)

$$
T_{\min }=0.97, T_{\max }=0.98
$$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.038$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.115$
$S=1.08$
1636 reflections
88 parameters
2 restraints

$$
\begin{aligned}
& T=291(2) \mathrm{K} \\
& 0.30 \times 0.24 \times 0.22 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

7571 measured reflections 1636 independent reflections 1215 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.057$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.820(16)$ | $1.906(17)$ | $2.7254(17)$ | $177.4(17)$ |
| O2-H2A $\cdots 1^{\text {ii }}$ | $0.820(17)$ | $1.943(17)$ | $2.7612(17)$ | $175.5(17)$ |
| Symmetry codes: (i) $x+\frac{1}{2}, y,-z+\frac{3}{2} ;$; (ii) | $-x+2, y-\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{3}{2}$. |  |  |  |

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GK2172).

## References

Bruker (2000). SMART, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc. Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
Xi, H., Gao, Y., Sun, X., Meng, Q. \& Jiang, Y. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, o1853.

## supplementary materials

## 2,2'-(p-Phenylenedimethylene)bis(propane-1,3-diol)

Y. Gao, H. Xi, X. Sun, Y. Fu and L. Liu

## Comment

Reduction is a fundamental transformation in organic synthesis. Lithium aluminium hydride is used in organic synthesis as a powerful reducing agent.

The title molecule has a crystallographic inversion center located at the middle of the benzene ring. The trans-arrangement of two 1,3-dihydroxyisopropyl groups in the title compound was verified by X-ray crystallographic studies (Fig.1). The torsion angle $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ is 165.14 (10) ${ }^{\circ}$ and the torsion angle of $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 7$ is -70.96 (13).

## Experimental

Tetraethyl 2,2'-(p-phenylenedimethylene)dimalonate was prepared according to the literature procedure (Xi et al., 2008). In a flame-dryed, round-bottom flask was placed freshly distilled THF ( 80 ml ) under dry nitrogen gas and the flask was placed in an ice-bath. Subsequently $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}(2.128 \mathrm{~g}, 56 \mathrm{mmol})$ was slowly added with stirring, followed by a dropwise addition of the solution of tetraethyl 2, $2^{\prime}$-( $p$-phenylenedimethylene)dimalonate ( $2.95 \mathrm{~g}, 7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in THF ( 20 ml ) . After stirring for 3 h at room temperature, a saturated solution of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(3 \mathrm{ml})$ was added. Stirring was continued for next 10 min. Then ethanol ( 8 mL ) was added, the mixture was heated to 333 K . Lithium and aluminium salts were separated by filtration on celite. Filtrate was evaporated and the residue purified by crystallization, yielding the title compound ( 1.09 g , yield $61 \%$; m.p. 448-449 K). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an aqueous solution at 288 K .

## Refinement

Carbon bound H atoms were placed geometrically and treated as riding on their carriers, with methylene $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ distance of $0.97 \AA$, aromatic $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ of $0.93 \AA$ and $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 \mathrm{Ueq}(\mathrm{C})$. H atoms from hydroxyl groups were refined with the distance restraint of $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}=0.82(2) \AA$ and $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{O})$..

## Figures



Fig. 1. View of the title molecule showing the atom-labelling scheme; displacement ellipsoids are shown at the $30 \%$ probability level (symmetry code to generate atoms with the label A: 2 -
$\mathrm{x}, 1-\mathrm{y}, 1-\mathrm{z}$ )

Fig. 2. Crystal packing of the title compound viewed down the $b$ direction. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

## supplementary materials

## 2,2'-(p-Phenylenedimethylene)bis(propane-1,3-diol)

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
$M_{r}=254.32$
Orthorhombic, Pbca
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab
$a=9.939(6) \AA$
$b=8.803$ (5) $\AA$
$c=15.366(9) \AA$
$V=1344.5(14) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F_{000}=552$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.256 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Melting point $=448-449 \mathrm{~K}$
Mo K $\alpha$ radiation
$\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 2317 reflections
$\theta=2.6-27.1^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=291$ (2) K
Block, colourless
$0.30 \times 0.24 \times 0.22 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=291(2) \mathrm{K}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.97, T_{\text {max }}=0.98$
7571 measured reflections
1636 independent reflections
1215 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.057$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.3^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\min }=2.7^{\circ}$
$h=-5 \rightarrow 13$
$k=-11 \rightarrow 11$
$l=-20 \rightarrow 20$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.038$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.115$
$S=1.08$
1636 reflections
88 parameters
2 restraints

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$$
w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.06 P)^{2}\right]
$$

where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.19 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.17$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Extinction correction: none

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $1.09492(13)$ | $0.40412(13)$ | $0.53366(8)$ | $0.0388(3)$ |
| H1 | 1.1600 | 0.3402 | 0.5572 | $0.047^{*}$ |
| C2 | $1.09178(14)$ | $0.55517(13)$ | $0.55850(8)$ | $0.0396(3)$ |
| H2 | 1.1548 | 0.5910 | 0.5982 | $0.048^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.99643(11)$ | $0.65355(12)$ | $0.52522(8)$ | $0.0316(3)$ |
| C4 | $0.99230(13)$ | $0.81711(12)$ | $0.55423(8)$ | $0.0347(3)$ |
| H4A | 0.9288 | 0.8719 | 0.5180 | $0.042^{*}$ |
| H4B | 1.0804 | 0.8620 | 0.5454 | $0.042^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.95220(12)$ | $0.83713(12)$ | $0.64958(7)$ | $0.0303(3)$ |
| H5 | 1.0045 | 0.7646 | 0.6842 | $0.036^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.98372(12)$ | $0.99558(14)$ | $0.68286(9)$ | $0.0371(3)$ |
| H6A | 0.9369 | 1.0694 | 0.6471 | $0.045^{*}$ |
| H6B | 0.9502 | 1.0053 | 0.7419 | $0.045^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.80474(13)$ | $0.80040(14)$ | $0.66200(8)$ | $0.0399(3)$ |
| H7A | 0.7512 | 0.8777 | 0.6333 | $0.048^{*}$ |
| H7B | 0.7853 | 0.7039 | 0.6342 | $0.048^{*}$ |
| O1 | $1.12348(9)$ | $1.02918(10)$ | $0.68214(6)$ | $0.0417(3)$ |
| H1A | $1.1656(18)$ | $0.9562(18)$ | $0.7010(10)$ | $0.063^{*}$ |
| O2 | $0.76614(10)$ | $0.79212(10)$ | $0.75078(6)$ | $0.0471(3)$ |
| H2A | $0.8000(18)$ | $0.7167(18)$ | $0.7731(12)$ | $0.071^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.0425(7)$ | $0.0340(7)$ | $0.0399(7)$ | $0.0101(5)$ | $-0.0108(5)$ | $-0.0035(5)$ |
| C2 | $0.0430(7)$ | $0.0361(7)$ | $0.0398(7)$ | $0.0027(5)$ | $-0.0128(6)$ | $-0.0076(5)$ |
| C3 | $0.0383(7)$ | $0.0269(6)$ | $0.0297(6)$ | $0.0000(5)$ | $0.0018(5)$ | $-0.0016(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.0434(7)$ | $0.0249(6)$ | $0.0357(7)$ | $-0.0014(5)$ | $0.0023(5)$ | $0.0003(5)$ |
| C5 | $0.0335(6)$ | $0.0231(5)$ | $0.0343(6)$ | $0.0006(4)$ | $0.0004(5)$ | $-0.0012(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.0384(7)$ | $0.0287(6)$ | $0.0443(8)$ | $0.0004(5)$ | $0.0028(6)$ | $-0.0077(5)$ |
| C7 | $0.0375(7)$ | $0.0363(6)$ | $0.0460(7)$ | $-0.0018(5)$ | $0.0032(6)$ | $-0.0002(5)$ |
| O1 | $0.0390(5)$ | $0.0296(5)$ | $0.0564(6)$ | $-0.0040(4)$ | $-0.0023(4)$ | $-0.0028(4)$ |


| O 2 | $0.0485(6)$ | $0.0379(5)$ | $0.0550(6)$ | $0.0090(4)$ | $0.0188(5)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.3787 (17) | C5-C6 | 1.5183 (17) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1-C2 | 1.3838 (17) | C5-H5 | 0.9800 |
| C1-H1 | 0.9300 | C6-O1 | 1.4203 (18) |
| C2-C3 | 1.3819 (17) | C6-H6A | 0.9700 |
| C2-H2 | 0.9300 | C6-H6B | 0.9700 |
| C3-C4 | 1.5078 (18) | C7-O2 | 1.4190 (18) |
| C4-C5 | 1.5285 (18) | C7-H7A | 0.9700 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9700 | C7-H7B | 0.9700 |
| C4-H4B | 0.9700 | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.820 (16) |
| C5-C7 | 1.513 (2) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.820 (17) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 121.33 (11) | C7-C5-H5 | 107.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 119.3 | C6-C5-H5 | 107.8 |
| C2- $21-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 119.3 | C4-C5-H5 | 107.8 |
| C3-C2-C1 | 121.04 (12) | O1-C6-C5 | 112.98 (10) |
| C3-C2-H2 | 119.5 | O1-C6-H6A | 109.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.5 | C5-C6-H6A | 109.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 117.63 (11) | O1-C6-H6B | 109.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 121.85 (11) | C5-C6-H6B | 109.0 |
| C2-C3-C4 | 120.51 (11) | H6A-C6-H6B | 107.8 |
| C3-C4-C5 | 113.62 (10) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 113.21 (11) |
| C3-C4-H4A | 108.8 | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.9 |
| C5-C4-H4A | 108.8 | C5-C7-H7A | 108.9 |
| C3-C4-H4B | 108.8 | O2-C7-H7B | 108.9 |
| C5-C4-H4B | 108.8 | C5-C7-H7B | 108.9 |
| H4A-C4-H4B | 107.7 | H7A-C7-H7B | 107.7 |
| C7-C5-C6 | 110.72 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 (12) |
| C7-C5-C4 | 110.41 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 (12) |
| C6-C5-C4 | 112.03 (10) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 0.2 (2) | C3-C4-C5-C6 | 165.14 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | -0.2 (2) | C7-C5-C6-O1 | 173.08 (10) |
| C1-C2-C3-C4 | 178.72 (12) | C4-C5-C6-O1 | -63.19 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 111.75 (15) | C6-C5-C7-O2 | -65.22 (13) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | -67.11 (15) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 170.13 (9) |
| C3-C4-C5-C7 | -70.96 (13) |  |  |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2,-y+1,-z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\left.\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A} \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.820(16)$ | $1.906(17)$ | $2.7254(17)$ | $177.4(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A} \cdots 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.820(17)$ | $1.943(17)$ | $2.7612(17)$ | $175.5(17)$ |

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x+1 / 2, y,-z+3 / 2$; (iii) $-x+2, y-1 / 2,-z+3 / 2$.

## sup-4

Fig. 1

supplementary materials

Fig. 2


